Section 5.—Production of Non-Metallic Minerals.

Subsection 1.—Fuels.

Coal.

The fuel situation in Canada is somewhat anomalous as, in spite of the enormous resources of coal in the country, about 50 p.c. of the consumption is imported from the United States. The Canadian coal areas are situated in the eastern and western provinces, while Ontario and Quebec are more easily and economically supplied with coal from the nearer coal fields of Pennsylvania and Ohio.¹ The anomaly of the situation is accentuated if we consider that Canada's present coal consumption is about 35,000,000 tons annually, as against reserves of 1,234,289,-000.000 metric tons, sufficient for an unthinkably long period at the present rate of consumption.

Coal Resources.—A summary of the known coal resources of Canada was given on pages 391 to 394 of the 1922-23 Year Book; the accompanying table is reproduced as Table 19.

19.—Coal Resources of Canada, by Provinces and Classes of Coal.1

Province or District.	Including Seams of 1 foot or over at Depths to 4,000 feet.					Including Seams of 2 feet and over, at Depths between 4.000 and 6,000 feet.	
	Actual Reserve. Calculation Based on Actual Thickness and Extent.			Probable Reservo. Approximate Estimate.		Probable Reserve. Approximate Estimate.	
	Nova Scotia New Brunswick Ontario ⁴	174	B B L	2, 188, 151	204 121 10	4,891,817 151,000 25,000	73
Manitoba. Saskatchewan	305		2,412,000	48 13,100	160,000	-	
Alberta	25.300	B A&B	382,500 000 3,223,800 669,000	56,375	491,271,000 182,183,600 100,000	203	12,700,000
British Columbia	439	A & B L	23,771,242 60,000	6,196	44,907,700 5,136,000	11	2,160,000
Yukon	{	A & B	-	2,840	250,000 4,690,000		
Northwest Territories. Arctic Islands	-	1, B	-	300 6,000	4,800,009		
Totals	26,219		414, 864, 198	85,194	801,986,117	287	17,499,600

(In metric tons of 2.204 pounds.)

¹See "Coal, Coke and By-Products", published by the Imperial Mineral Resources Bureau. ²The coal of all classes mined in Algorita to 1911, amounting to 20,000,000 tons, has been deducted. A=anthracite, B=Bituminous, L=Lignite.

* Extensive investigation has been carried on by the Ontario authorities in connection with the lignite deposits of the Moose River basin, James Bay region, and drilling was carried on throughout 1930.

In view of the abnormal conditions prevailing in Canada during the later years of the war period, and also of the falling-off of production in the United States, the Government, on July 12, 1917, appointed a Fuel Controller for Canada, charging

¹See map showing the sources of the coal supply of different parts of Canada, p. 386 of 1922-23 Year Book.